

Informationsteknologi – Sikkerheds- teknikker – Ledelsessystem for risikostyring

Information technology – Security techniques –
Information security risk management

A large, thin, black curved line that starts at the bottom left, rises to a peak in the middle, and then descends towards the bottom right, spanning across the lower half of the page.

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**Information technology — Security
techniques — Information security risk
management**

*Technologies de l'information — Techniques de sécurité — Gestion du
risque en sécurité de l'information*

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of the joint technical committee is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the joint technical committee are circulated to national bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the national bodies casting a vote.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO and IEC shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/IEC 27005 was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 27, *IT Security techniques*.

This first edition of ISO/IEC 27005 cancels and replaces ISO/IEC TR 13335-3:1998, and ISO/IEC TR 13335-4:2000, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

Introduction

This International Standard provides guidelines for Information Security Risk Management in an organization, supporting in particular the requirements of an ISMS according to ISO/IEC 27001. However, this International Standard does not provide any specific methodology for information security risk management. It is up to the organization to define their approach to risk management, depending for example on the scope of the ISMS, context of risk management, or industry sector. A number of existing methodologies can be used under the framework described in this International Standard to implement the requirements of an ISMS.

This International Standard is relevant to managers and staff concerned with information security risk management within an organization and, where appropriate, external parties supporting such activities.

Information technology — Security techniques — Information security risk management

1 Scope

This International Standard provides guidelines for information security risk management.

This International Standard supports the general concepts specified in ISO/IEC 27001 and is designed to assist the satisfactory implementation of information security based on a risk management approach.

Knowledge of the concepts, models, processes and terminologies described in ISO/IEC 27001 and ISO/IEC 27002 is important for a complete understanding of this International Standard.

This International Standard is applicable to all types of organizations (e.g. commercial enterprises, government agencies, non-profit organizations) which intend to manage risks that could compromise the organization's information security.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 27001:2005, *Information technology — Security techniques — Information security management systems — Requirements*

ISO/IEC 27002:2005, *Information technology — Security techniques — Code of practice for information security management*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/IEC 27001, ISO/IEC 27002 and the following apply.

3.1

impact

adverse change to the level of business objectives achieved

3.2

information security risk

potential that a given threat will exploit vulnerabilities of an asset or group of assets and thereby cause harm to the organization

NOTE It is measured in terms of a combination of the likelihood of an event and its consequence.